U.S. Corn Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects February 2, 2016
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Less than 1% of corn production is within an area experiencing drought.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS county-level crop production data from 2006 to 2010. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.nass.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

- Major agricultural areas combined account for 75% of the total national production.
- Major and minor agricultural areas combined account for 99% of the total national production.
Approximate Percentage of Corn Located in Drought *
February 2, 2016

Crop production percentages and associated drought intensities

- Percent in Moderate Drought (D1)
- Percent in Severe Drought (D2)
- Percent in Extreme Drought (D3)
- Percent in Exceptional Drought (D4)

*I Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 5-year averages from 2006-2010. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
Approximate Percentage of Soybeans Located in Drought *
February 2, 2016

Crop production percentages and associated drought intensities

- Percent in Moderate Drought (D1)
- Percent in Severe Drought (D2)
- Percent in Extreme Drought (D3)
- Percent in Exceptional Drought (D4)

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 5-year averages from 2006-2010. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
United States Soybean Areas Located in Drought
Reflects February 2, 2016 U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 9% of hay acreage is within an area experiencing drought.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS 2012 Census of Agriculture data. Counties shaded in gray contain data that are not published by NASS, and thus were not used in delineating the major and minor agricultural areas. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.agcensus.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

- Major agricultural areas combined account for 75% of the total national acreage.
- Major and minor agricultural areas combined account for 99% of the total national acreage.
Approximate Percentage of Hay Located in Drought *

February 2, 2016

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 2012 Census of Agriculture data. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
United States Hay Areas Located in Drought

Agricultural Weather Assessments
World Agricultural Outlook Board

- Moderate or more intense drought (D1+)
- Severe or more intense drought (D2+)
- Extreme or more intense drought (D3+)
- Exceptional drought (D4)
U.S. Cattle Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects February 2, 2016
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 11% of cattle inventory is within an area experiencing drought.

Map showing the distribution of drought areas, major cattle areas, and minor cattle areas across the United States.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS 2012 Census of Agriculture data. Counties shaded in gray contain data that are not published by NASS, and thus were not used in delineating the major and minor agricultural areas. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.agcensus.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

- Major agricultural areas combined account for 75% of the total national inventory.
- Major and minor agricultural areas combined account for 99% of the total national inventory.
Approximate Percentage of Cattle Located in Drought *
February 2, 2016

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

State contributions to the total national inventory (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 2012 Census of Agriculture data. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
Approximately 7% of winter wheat production is within an area experiencing drought.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS county-level crop production data from 2006 to 2010. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.nass.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

- Major agricultural areas combined account for 75% of the total national production.
- Major and minor agricultural areas combined account for 99% of the total national production.
Approximate Percentage of Winter Wheat Located in Drought *
February 2, 2016

- Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/.

- State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 5-year averages from 2006-2010. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
United States Winter Wheat Areas Located in Drought

Agricultural Weather Assessments
World Agricultural Outlook Board

Moderate or more intense drought (D1+)
Severe or more intense drought (D2+)
Extreme or more intense drought (D3+)
Exceptional drought (D4)